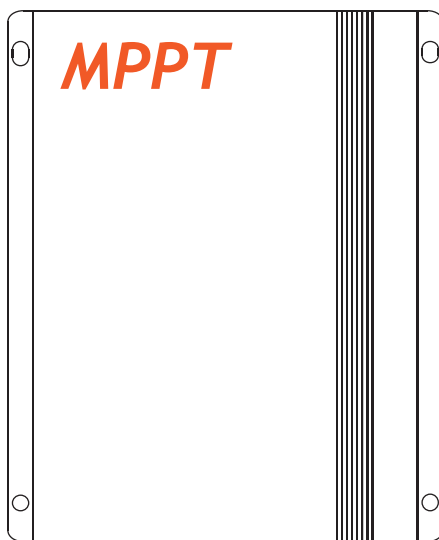


Smart-MPPT series

Bluetooth Communication

MPPT Solar charge controller

10/15/20A



User Manual

User Manual_Smart-MPPT series_PA-1
CE, RoHS, ISO9001:2015
Subject to change without notice!

Solar charge controller Smart-MPPT series User Manual

Dear Clients,

Thanks for selecting the **Smart-MPPT** series solar controller. Please take the time to familiarise yourself with this user manual, as it will help you take full advantage of the controller's features. This manual gives important recommendations for installing, using, and programming the solar controller. Read this manual in full before installing or connecting the solar controller.

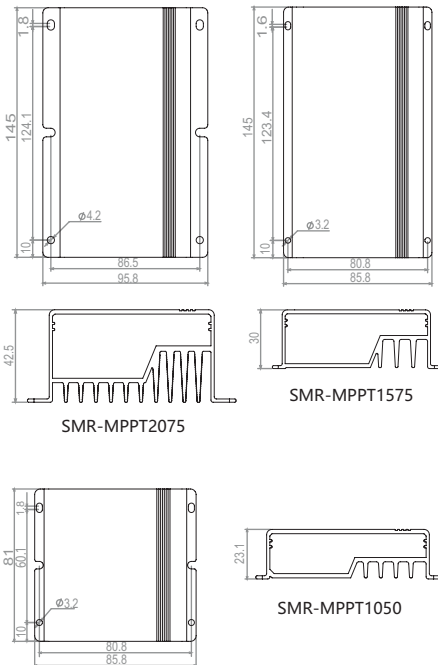
1.Functions

Smart-MPPT series intelligent MPPT solar controller is programmable, waterproof and well-suited for a wide range of solar systems. The charging efficiency of this controller is higher than a traditional PWM controller, helping to get the most out of the solar panel.

It comes with a number of outstanding features, such as:

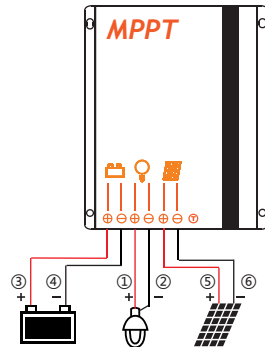
- Innovative Maximum Power Point Tracking(MPPT) technology, tracking efficiency >99.9%
- High charge conversion efficiency up to 96.5%
- Multiple load output modes are available
- Use high performance, ultra-low power consumption Bluetooth dedicated chip
- Adopt Bluetooth 5.0 and BLE technology
- Suitable for Gel, Liquid, AGM and Lithium battery
- Four stage charging: MPPT, boost, equalization, float
- 0°C Charging Protection(Lithium)
- When BMS power off because of LVD, it can activate the system automatically
- Day/Night threshold can adjust automatically
- Waterproof IP67, Strong and durable aluminum case
- Full automatic electronic protect function

2.Dimensions (Unit:mm)



3.Installation

The following diagram provides an overview of the terminals. Please make sure to follow the proper order of connection.



1. As the chart, Connect the load first with corresponding red(positive) and black (negative) cables, then seal them with tape.
2. Connect the battery with corresponding positive and negative cables, load will be on.
3. Connect panel with the corresponding red(positive) and black(negative) cables, the controller begins charging.
4. Confirm the LED display status, please refer to the **8.2 Faults and Alarms** to identify the reason.

Make sure the wire length between battery and controller is as short as possible. Recommended Wire size: 2.5mm²

4.Starting up the controller

4.1 Self Test

As soon as the controller is powered, it starts a self test routine. After this, the LED display will change to normal operation.

4.2 System Voltage

The controller applies to Lithium, AGM, Liquid and Gel battery, the factory default setting is suitable for Gel battery. It is your responsibility to check and ensure that these settings are correct for your battery, otherwise they must be amended.

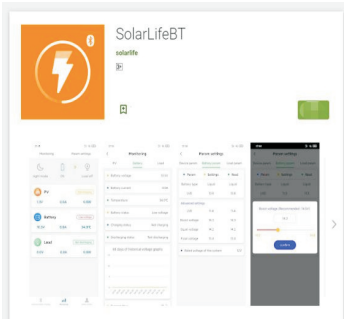
When the controller is set to Lithium battery, the charging target voltage and charging recovery voltage can be set according to customer requirements.

If the battery voltage on start-up is 10V-15V, the controller infers a 12V system when the controller is set to Gel, Liquid or AGM battery. If the battery voltage is not within the normal operating rang(ca.10 to 15V) at start-up, please refer to **8.2 Faults & Alarms**.

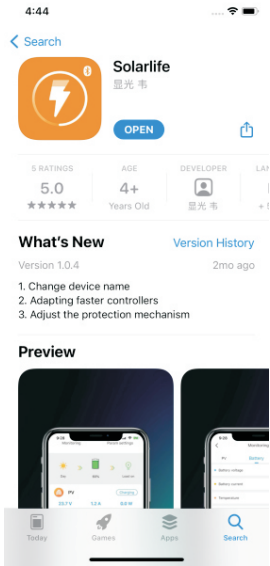
5.App installation

Search for "solarlife BT" in Google play or "solarlife" in Apple store and download and install it. For detailed instruction and settings, please read the Bluetooth APP user manual.

Andriod APP



iOS APP



6.BlueTooth

The controller has Bluetooth communication function, the Bluetooth module of the controller can be connected to mobile phone after installing APP.

For detailed operation, please read the "Bluetooth APP instructions". App on mobile phone can view the real-time working state of the controller and set parameters, including device and battery parameters.

6.1 Charging Voltage (Liquid/ GEL/AGM)

When choosing Liquid, GEL or AGM for battery type, the parameters of boost, equalization and float charging voltage can be set by mobile phone APP. The range of parameters is as follows.

The following voltage parameters are 25°C/12V system parameters.

Charging stage	Charging Voltage Range	Default charging voltage
Boost	14.0~14.8V	14.5V
Equalization	14.0~15.0V	14.8V
Float	13.0~14.5V	13.7V

6.2 Charging Voltage Parameters(Lithium)

When choosing lithium battery type, the overcharge protection and overcharge recovery voltage of lithium battery can be set by mobile phone APP.

Overcharge protection voltage(CVT): 10.0-17.0V

Overcharge recovery voltage(CVR): 9.2-16.8V

(Overcharge Recovery Voltage+ 1.5V)≥Lithium Overcharge Protection Voltage≥(Overcharge Recovery Voltage+0.2V)

The required accuracy of PCM shall be at least 0.2V. If the deviation is higher than 0.2V, the manufacturer will assume no liability for any system malfunction caused by this.

6.3 Low Voltage Disconnect (LVD)

When the battery voltage drops below the LVD voltage, the controller will disconnect the load to prevent deep discharge of the battery. If this occurs, the battery should be well charged before resuming use.

1. Lithium Battery

LVD range: 9.0~15.0V(default: 9.0V).

2. Gel, Liquid and AGM Battery

The low voltage protection of the controller can be divided into two types:

battery voltage control and capacity control.

a. Battery voltage control

Low voltage disconnect setting range: 10.8~11.8V(default: 11.2V).

6.4 Low Voltage Reconnect (LVR)

If the low voltage disconnect is triggered, the controller will restore load connection only when the battery voltage increases above the LVR voltage.

1. Lithium Battery

LVR range: 9.6~16.0V.

2. Gel, Liquid and AGM Battery

LVR range: 11.4~12.8V.



The low voltage recovery voltage(LVR) should be higher than the low voltage disconnect voltage(LVD) at least 0.6V, if you want to improve LVD, you should first improve LVR.

6.5 0°C Charging(Lithium)

"0°C Chg" can be set to "Yes", "Slow" or "No". When the controller detects that the ambient temperature is higher than 0°C, the charging function is normal. when the ambient temperature is low than 0°C, if the "0°C Chg" is set to "Yes", the charging function is normal, else if the "0°C Chg" is set to "slow", the max charging current is 20% of the rated current, else if the "0°C Chg" is set to "No", the controller does not charge the battery.

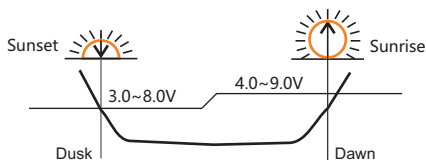
The user can select the appropriate charging method.

6.6 Day/Night Threshold, Day/Night Delay

The controller recognizes day and night based on the solar array open circuit voltage. This day/night threshold can be modified according to local light conditions and the solar array used.

Day/Night threshold setting range: 3.0~8.0V.

In the evening, when the solar array open circuit voltage drops to the setting day/night detect voltage, user can adjust the day/night delay time to make the load turn on a little bit later. Day/Night delay time setting range: 0~30min(Default: 0min).



Day/Night threshold voltage of load disconnect is 1V higher than the setting data, means the load will disconnect when the solar voltage at 4.0~9.0V.

The controller will automatically adjust the day/night threshold. If the lowest solar voltage is higher than the day/night threshold. The load will have no output the first night, then 24 hours later the controller will automatically adjust the setting to give output the following night.

7. Load Output Timer Modes

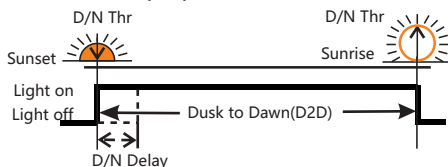
Smart-MPPT series controller has advanced day/night time control functions. The modes of lighting can be based on customer needs.

7.1 Standard(24H)



If "Work mode" is set to "24H" and sent to the controller successfully, the controller's load will always be on.

7.2 Dusk to Dawn (D2D)

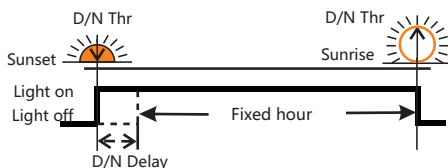


If "Work mode" is set to "D2D", the controller works in dusk to dawn mode.

7.3 Manual Mode

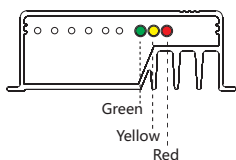
If "Work mode" is set to "Manual Mode", the Load output can be switched on and off manually by Bluetooth APP, and the default switching state of the load in manual mode can be changed by APP.

7.4 Fixed hour Mode



If "Work mode" is set to "Fixed hour Mode", The load output will be switched on for 2~9 hours after sunset.

8.LED indicators, Faults & Alarms



8.1 LED Display Explanation

LED	Status	Function
Green LED	On	Solar panel is correctly connected, but not charged
	Flash fast(0.1/0.1s)	MPPT charging
	Flash(0.5/0.5s)	Equal or Boost charging (Gel, Liquid or AGM)
	Flash slowly(0.5/2s)	Charging
Yellow LED	Off	Over voltage protection
	On	Battery is normal
	Slow flash(0.5/2s)	Battery voltage is low
	Fast flash(0.1/0.1s)	Low voltage protection
Red LED	Off	Work normal
	On	The output power is 0
	Flash(0.5s/0.5s)	Over temperature
	Fast flash(0.1/0.1s)	Short circuit or over current protection *

* Detailed fault information can be read by S-Unit remote controller.

8.2 Faults & Alarms

Fault	Status	Reason	Remedy
Loads are not powered	Low volt. protection	Low Battery capacity	Recharge battery above LVR.
	Overcurrent, short circuit protection	Overload or load short-circuit	Switch off all loads, remove short-circuit, load will be reconnected after 1 minute.
	Over temp. protection	Controller temp. is too high	Controller will turn the system off until temperature is below 60 °C.
High voltage at battery terminal	Over voltage protection	Battery overvoltage > 15.5V (Li: CVT+0.2V)	Check if other sources overcharge the battery. If not, controller is damaged.
		Battery wires or battery fuse damaged, battery has high resistance.	Check battery wires, fuse and battery.
Incorrect system voltage	All LED fast flashing	Battery voltage not in right range	Charge or discharge battery to correct the voltage
Battery is empty after a short time	Low voltage protection	Battery has low capacity	Change battery
Battery not charging	Green LED is on	PV panel fault or reverse connection	Check panels and wire connections

9.Safety Features

	Solar terminal	Battery terminal	Load terminal
Reverse polarity	Protected *1	Protected	Protected *1
Short circuit	Protected*2	Protected *3	Switches off immediately
Over current	—	—	Switches off with delay
Reverse Current	Protected	—	—
Under voltage	—	—	Switches off
Over temp.	The controller cuts off the load if the temperature reaches the set value.		

*1. Controller can protect itself, but load might be damaged.

*2.When the PV doesn't charge,the controller will not be damaged if short-circuit just happened in the PV array.

Warning: It is forbidden to short-circuit the PV array during charging .Otherwise, the controller may be damaged.

*3. Battery must be protected by fuse.

Warning:

The combination of different error conditions may cause damage to the controller.

Always remove the error before you continue connecting the controller.

10.Safety Instructions and Liability Waiver

10.1 Safety

①The solar charge controller may only be used in PV systems in accordance with this user manual and with solar panels specifications in line with the requirements of this controller. No energy source other than solar panels may be connected to the solar charge controller.

②Batteries store a large amount of energy, never short-circuit a battery under any circumstances. We strongly recommend connecting an in-line fuse or circuit-breaker on the "+" wire between the battery and controller, no more than 15cm from the battery terminal.

③Batteries can produce flammable gases. Avoid sparks and flames near the batteries. Make sure the battery is installed in a well ventilated area.

④Avoid touching or short circuiting wires or terminals. Be aware that the voltages on special terminals or wires can be several times greater than the battery voltage. Use isolated tools and only perform any work in a dry environment.

⑤Keep children away from batteries and the charge controller.

10.2 Liability Exclusion

The manufacturer shall not be liable for damages to the controller or battery caused by use other than as instructed in this manual, or if the battery manufacturer's recommendations are neglected. The manufacturer shall not be liable if there has been service or repair carried out by any unauthorised person, unusual use, incorrect setup, or bad system design.

11. Technical Data

	Item	SMR-MPPT1050-BT	SMR-MPPT1575-BT	SMR-MPPT2075-BT	
Battery Parameters	Max Charging Current	10A	15A	20A	
	System Voltage	12V	12V/24V Automatical recognition		
	Max input power	130W	200W/400W	260W/520W	
	Max volt on Bat. Terminal	25V	35V		
	Battery Type		Lithium, Liquid, Gel, AGM (Programmable, default: Gel)		
	Liquid, Gel, AGM	MPPT Charging Volt.	<14.5V@25°C	<14.5/29V@25°C	
		Boost Voltage	14.0~14.8V @25°C	28~29.6V(Default:14.5/29V @25°C)	
		Equalization Volt.	14.0~15.0V @25°C	28~30V(Default:14.8/29.6V @25°C (Liquid, AGM)	
		Float Voltage	13.0~14.5V@25°C	26~29V (Default:13.7/27.4V @25°C)	
		Low Volt. Disconnect	10.8~11.8V	10.8~11.8V/21.6~23.6V(Default: 11.2/22.4V)	
		Reconnect Voltage	11.4~12.8V	11.4~12.8V/22.8~25.6V(Default: 12.0/24.0V)	
		Overcharge Protect	15.5V	15.5/31.0V	
		Temp. Compensation	-4.17mV/K per cell (Boost, Equalization), -3.33mV/K per cell (Float)		
	Lithium	Charging Volt. target	10.0~17.0V	10.0~32.0V(Lithium, Programmable)	
		Charging Volt. recovery	9.2~16.8V	9.2~31.8V(Lithium, Programmable)	
Low Volt. disconnect		9.0~15.0V	9.0~30.0V(Lithium, Programmable)		
Low Volt. reconnect		9.6~16.0V	9.6~31.0V(Lithium, Programmable)		
0°C Charge Protection		Yes, No, Slow(Default: Yes)			
Panel Parameters	Max volt on PV terminal	45V	55V *		
	Dusk/Dawn detect volt.	3.0~8.0V	3.0~20.0V(Programmable)		
	Day/Night delay time	0~30Min(Programmable)			
	MPPT tracking range	(Battery Voltage + 1.0V) ~Voc*0.9 ~ ²			
	Max tracking efficiency	>99.9%			
Load	Output Current	10A	15A	20A	
System Parameters	Max charge conversion	96.5%	97.5%		
	Self consumption	10mA	12mA		
	Dimensions	85.8 * 81 *23.1mm	85.8 * 145 * 30mm	95.8 * 145 * 42.5mm	
	Weight	260g	600g	730g	
	Ambient temperature	-35~+60°C			
	Ambient humidity	0~100%RH			
	Protection degree	IP67			
	Max Altitude	4000m			

*1.PV panel Voc can not exceed this value, otherwise it will damage the controller.

*2.Voc means the open circuit voltage of the solar panel.